**Scoring Information for IMI/Enjoyment Questionnaire**

Begin by reverse scoring items # 2, 9, 11, 14, 19, 21. In other words, subtract the item response from 8, and use the result as the item score for that item. This way, a higher score will indicate more of the concept described in the subscale name. Thus, a higher score on pressure/tension means the person felt more pressured and tense; a higher score on perceived competence means the person felt more competent; and so on.

Then calculate subscale scores by averaging the items scores for the items on each subscale. They are as follows. The (R) after an item number is just a reminder that the item score is the reverse of the participant’s response on that item.

Interest/enjoyment: 1, 5, 8, 10, 14(R), 17, 20

Perceived competence: 4, 7, 12, 16, 22

Perceived choice: 3, 11(R), 15, 19(R), 21(R)

Pressure/tension: 2(R), 6, 9(R), 13, 18

Determine the average subscale score and standard deviation for each participant.

For example:

**Participant 1**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Subscale name** | **Average Rating** | **Standard Deviation** |
| Interest/enjoyment |  |  |
| Perceived competence |  |  |
| Perceived choice |  |  |
| Pressure/tension |  |  |